TO PROSPERITY: INTERIM POVERTY REDUCTION STRATEGY

June 2015



Allie MARINE

- Confidence representation college and acceptance of the confidence of the line of the college of

Totals retained



Vision & Objectives

Housing Stability

Access to Services

Transportation

Food Access

Quality Jobs & Living Wages

Institutional Change

Finalizing the Strategy

Acknowledgements

References

46%
OF RECENT IMMIGRANTS LIVE
IN POVERTY

37%
OF FEMALE LONE PARENTS LIVE
IN POVERTY

33% OF PEOPLE IN RACIALIZED GROUPS LIVE IN POVERTY

30%
OF PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES
LIVE IN POVERTY

INTRODUCTION

One in lour children and one in five adult live in poverty in Toranto:

Fearing eviction, walking to save a token; always choosing the cheapest and least nutritious food, telling government agencies the same information over and over agains and warrying that the appointunities enjoyed by other children will be denied to votiss at that switablifets like for foo many of use a

I man divers been hearth a the Eoch of the hearth and the Food not been hearth a the Eoch of the British from the first of the first of

control entering on posperous color vibroni en se clobal fledder die os su angeleige indicators melden alivability. Visite he et sult works hene longer van staat man van

DEPUTY MAYOR PAR MCCOMMELL



Dear Residents of Toronto,

It is with great pride that I submit to you TO Prosperity: Interim Poverty Reduction Strategy, and with it I call on you to be a partner in making Toronto prosperous for everyone.

While Toronto residents see a building boom and a thriving business centre, we also see one in four children living in poverty. We see one in five adults living in poverty. We see neighbours struggling in jobs that don't

provide enough of a salary to pay rent and put food on the table. Our youth unemployment rate is 20%. That number skyrockets to 25% for Aboriginal youth and to 30% for black youth.

This inequality is simply unacceptable. Toronto can do better.

With this strategy, Toronto is responding. Together, we will address the issues, create solutions and drive systemic change. We are putting forward a vision rooted in concrete actions that will lead us towards a Toronto in 2035 that is truly equitable for all residents. The safety net will be strengthened to prevent people from falling into poverty and lifelines will be provided to those who have fallen into poverty.

I would like to thank the Community Advisory Committee of stakeholders from community agencies and organizations who have been working on these issues for their invaluable advice and support in the drafting of this strategy. I would also like to thank City staff under the leadership of Social Development, Finance & Administration and Toronto Employment & Social Services for their dedication and hard work on the development of this action plan and for all divisions for embracing this exercise with such enthusiasm.

Most importantly, I would like to thank the thousands of Torontonians who have experienced poverty in their lives for providing their expert advice throughout this process. I hope that this report reflects what you have told me that we can do to make your lives a little bit easier. I look forward to your continued engagement and feedback as we move from the interim strategy to the final strategy by the end of 2015.

This is the moment that Toronto chooses a different path forward. We can and will do this together.

Deputy Mayor Pam McConnell



CONTENTS

It used to be that education led to jobs; jobs ledito stability; and social supports allowed us to get back on our feet if a crisis strucks That path is brakens.

Good jobs are increasingly hard to find.
Almost half of Greater Toronto Areas
workers have temporary, contract,
part-time jobs with variable hours, littlestability and no benefits.

Education remains a smart long-terms lives then t but it affers no immediate guasantées almost one in four college graduates are working law-wage jobs

Employment Insurance is less accessible ChiqnoxVolks rates lest more than half their valide in the last 20 years Child card Is increasingly unarrandoles

the some time line in Toron o is getting to see the second of the second

never mind to people living on insecured low wages and eroding social supports

The City of Toronto has been tackling: these issues for many years: City-strategies, programs, and services provide targeted supports to individuals, families, and neighbourhoods. Some of these initiatives are now best practices adopted by other cities.

We must continue to do the things that works and do more of it is

But that is not enough, we must also the new strategies to ensure that the benefit of growth and prosperity are videlt shared—southar everyone captive re-

TO Prosperity selective rating any office low considerable for control of selection following the control of selection following the control of selections of the control of selections of the control of



an inclusive strategy

An effective strategy to address poverty cannot be drafted behind closed doors. It must be written where poverty is real with the people it hurts.

TO Prosperity is based on an inclusive and collaborative process. People in all four corners of the city shared their stories, visions, and solutions. Most significantly, residents with lived

101 COMMUNITY CONVERSATIONS

10 DAYS OF DIALOGUE

635
COMPLETED ONLINE
QUESTIONNAIRES

experience told us how to make this strategy a truly effective one.

While acknowledging the roles and responsibilities of other orders of government, this broad consultation process focused on what the City and its local partners can and should do to overcome growing poverty.

We can and should address people's immediate needs. It is unacceptable that in a city as prosperous as Toronto people cannot meet their basic needs for food, clothing, shelter, and transportation. For people living in poverty, the long term is too far off.

We can and should support people to transition out of poverty. Too many residents find themselves persistently vulnerable to poverty, frequently flowing in and out of it, with few prospects of achieving a better, more stable life.

We can and should change the systems that make people poor in the first place.

Residents spoke. We listened. Together we crafted this strategy.





IN PURSUIT OF ETERNAL COMFORT

This bus has seen much more than you could ever believe

And word to Davis more Miles than one should ever achieve:

The young lady now runs because if she's to succeed:

She has to make the 5:30, to most that's hella early.

But you gotta pay back Lady OSAP OSAP. They just cut off her phone you didn't know that, know that.

Had to live, so her loans she would blow that, blow that,

Thinking about school, she wishes she didn't go back, go back.

After all she did it for the peace of mind, now the piece of my

Employment would be the only way she gets hers,

Figured it would make life easy,

Figured it would make life breezy,

And she was only half right because now they shut off her heat:

And she genuinely understands what it is like to: live life breezy:

But what's a young girl to do?

Nobody ever came in-

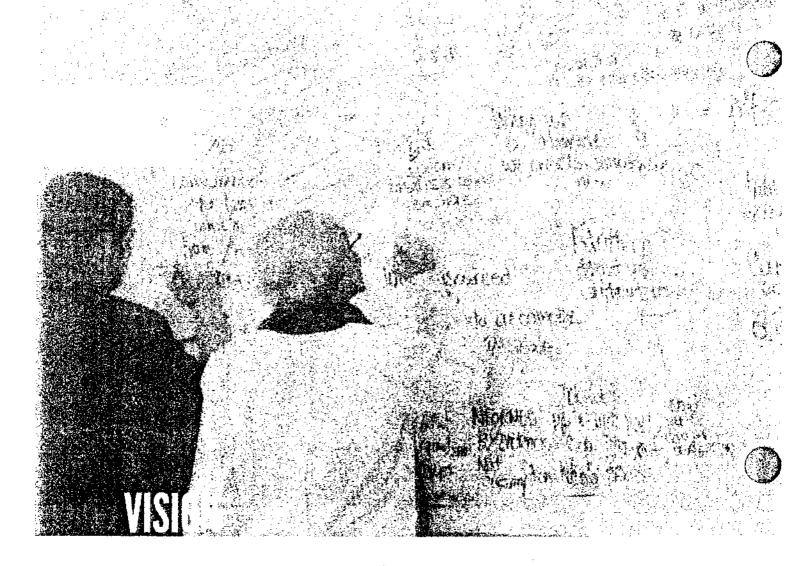
And changed a game over night

Sa she continues to play

In pursuit of eternal comfort

She continues to praye

by Simon Yohannes



Toronto will:

the issues

solutions

systemic change

By 2035, Toronto is a city with opportunities for all: a leader in the collective pursuit of justice, fairness and equity. We want to be renowned as a city where everyone has access to good jobs, adequate income, stable housing, affordable transportation, nutritious food, and supportive services.

TO Prosperity identifies three complementary, overarching objectives that inform efforts to build a prosperous and inclusive city:

address and deligible recess

Growing numbers of Torontonians are living in poverty. The current social support system does not address many of their basic needs for housing, food, childcare, healthcare, and transportation. Actions that address immediate needs will focus on ensuring that essential services are well funded, co-ordinated, and meet the immediate needs of those living in poverty.

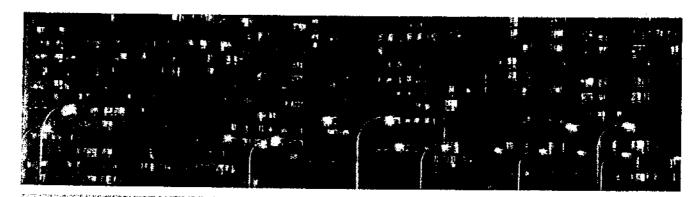
create

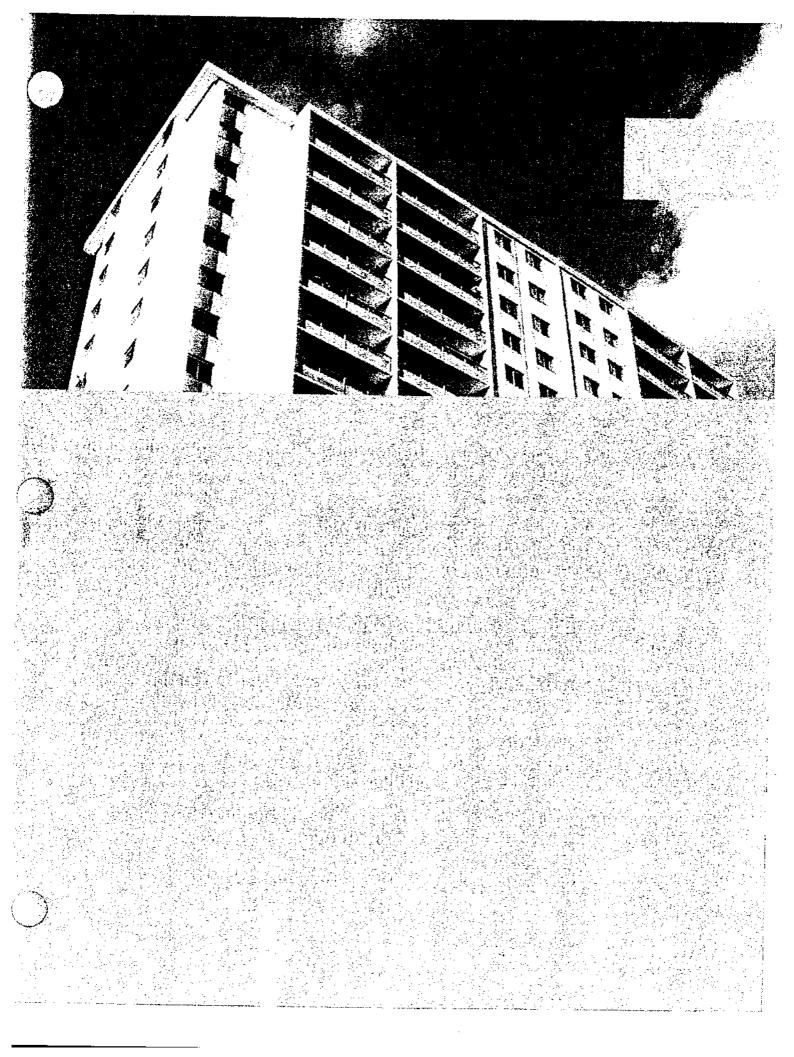
The increasingly high cost of living in Toronto, coupled with the scarcity of quality jobs, means that many Torontonians are persistently vulnerable to poverty, with limited prospects of achieving a more stable life. Actions that create pathways to prosperity will focus on improving the quality of jobs in the city, attracting investments to low-income areas, and ensuring that City programs and services are integrated, client-centered, and focused on early intervention.

drive

Torontonians do not choose to be poor: social, economic, and financial policies have led to the racialization, feminization and geographic concentration of poverty. People with disabilities, Aboriginal people, and newcomers are also overrepresented among the city's poor. Over time, these policy choices have made Toronto the most unequal city in Canada. The City and its partners can do things differently. Governments can make ongoing choices that reduce poverty. Actions that drive systemic change will focus on creating an accountable and participatory government wherein reducing poverty and inequality is an integral

It takes a lot of work and commitment to build a prosperous and inclusive city. In some areas, the City of Toronto has the tools, resources, and authority to lead the way. In other areas, the City requires collaboration with other orders of government, the private sector, labour, and community organizations to counter poverty, promote inclusive economic growth, and ensure community development.





AGUESTI SENIES

Gives provide many vital services of their residents. These services must be provided in the right amount, so peopled the reeds are metrifled should be widely promoted as everyone knows about them. They should be easy to access so everyone an participate.

In Teronto's many Engineering estimate the

In Jeronto many Enviservices make the lives of residents easier and residents in the crowder and more crowded to the sidents in the crowded the sidents of the crowded the sidents are continuous and in some and continuous easiers are continuous and in some and continuous easiers are continuous entities are continuous entities are continuous entito the continuous entities are continuous entito the continuous entities are continuous entito the continuous entito the continuous entities are continuous entito the continuous entities are continuous entities are continuous entito the continuous entities entities entito entito

too many farms calls; and visits required. In some helahbourhoods services are not available at alls:

The availability of services depends on budgets busials on moverion. New ways of working help cities to provide resident more and better services:

Governments everywhele pic holding discreptive way to improve service using new technologies and new deliver models.

On both forms the circ can do more to make services available refrestive and

Alexverproviding the services people need or the services people need or the services provide at the services provide at the services of the services people need or the services people in the services peopl





address immediate needs

4. RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt an integrated service approach and ensure all staff and community partners have the tools to help people navigate the social service system.

ACTIONS:

- 4.1 Expand Digital Access and Literacy to ensure residents can effectively access programs and services online
- 4.2 Ensure user fees do not create barriers for low-income users
- 4.3 Develop non-monetary penalties that instill responsible use of resources but do not discourage low-income users from accessing services
- 4.4 Implement a new registration process for all City programs, not limited to recreation, that ensures the system is accessible, fair and equitable for low-income users
- 4.5 Promote health services to residents and clients of City programs and services



16,802
CHILDREN ON WAITLIST FOR CHILD-CARE FEE SUBSIDIES

19%
OF CHILDREN AGED 1 - 12
HAVE ACCESS TO
LICENSED CHILD CARE

- 4.6 Create collaborative communication practices that ensure information is co-ordinated, consistent, accurate, and timely
- 4.7 Train staff and partners on the new collaborative communication and co-ordination practices and develop customer service standards based on the revised expectations



create pathways to prosperity

5. RECOMMENDATION:

Ensure all programming for children and youth is integrated, inclusive and responsive to current needs.

ACTIONS

5.1 Leverage the resources provided by the Province by committing to a matching ratio that supports childcare fee subsides from the tax base

- 5.2 Ensure the existing equity model for child-care fee subsidies is nimble enough to match the subsidy allocation with child-care spaces available
- 5.3 Incubate flexible child-care models that align with the current labour market reality
- 5.4 Explore all opportunities to increase the number of licensed child-care spaces across the city
- 5.5 Provide a range of accessible, high-quality, out-of-school-time programs for children and youth in neighbourhoods across the city



drive systemic change

6 RECOMMENDATION:

Work across the health and social services sectors to create a seamless support system that takes into account the social determinants of health.

ACTIONS:

- 6.1 Plan with funded agencies as partners, recognizing they operate programs and services that are the foundation of Toronto's service system.
- 6.2 Stabilize funding for quality community-based programs
- 6.3 Review criteria for means-tested supports to ensure children have access to stable, quality programs
- 6.4 Align the intake and management of all means-tested services
- 6.5 Actively provide input to other orders of government on policies related to hospital care, home care, and corrections and mental health services, including discharge procedures
- 6.6 Expand dental care for low-income people

Baby has to eat: Mama has to work: Either way she has to find a way to make it work;

Daddy's back home; working oil and gas, We see him every couple months, if his work is fast.

But back to reality, this city we live in. Sometimes I ask my Mama what's, the real cost of living?

I'm 9 years old, 4th grade to be exact. The soldier when daddy's gone, I have to watch my Mama's back:

Sometimes I wish I were older So I could watch my sister at home. Mama wouldn't have to call in sick just so we weren't alone.

See the daycares are pretty packed Around the place we live And the last thing Mama wants to do is leave her kids With a stranger or a babysitter far from where we live.

Mentally, Mama goes through a lot; balancing her children, work and maintaining a family. It is not easy for her, i always wish she could get help with relieving stress and anxiety. When life gets rough, Mama needs someone to talk to. There are never ally mental health services around our neighborhood; or at least none that it know of: When you don't have much; you are left to fend for yourself.

By Funmilala Lawson

34,963 children from 24,516 families received child-care fee subsides in 2014.

40,000 residents with low incomes had access to recreation programs through the Welcome Policy in 2013.

The foronto Challenge is a 5k run and walk in which participating non-profit community agencies raise funds to support local senior programs and services.

Libraries have after school clubs and youth hubs where school-aged children and youth can connect and learn in a safe and welcoming environment.

Toronto is promoting access to library services to children and teens in Neighbourhood Improvement Areas by forgiving fines and giving them a fresh start.

Libraries offer free Ready For Reading programs that develop early literacy, skills in babies, toddlers and preschoolers. Attendance totalled 288,000 in 2014.

The Sun Life Financial Museum + Arts Pass (MAP), available through Library branches, allows families (2 adults & up to 5 children) to explore Toronto's. 18 best museums and art galleries for free:

Public Health nurses and family home visitors make 45,000 home visits to vulnerable parents with young children each year.

with Wist We're doing

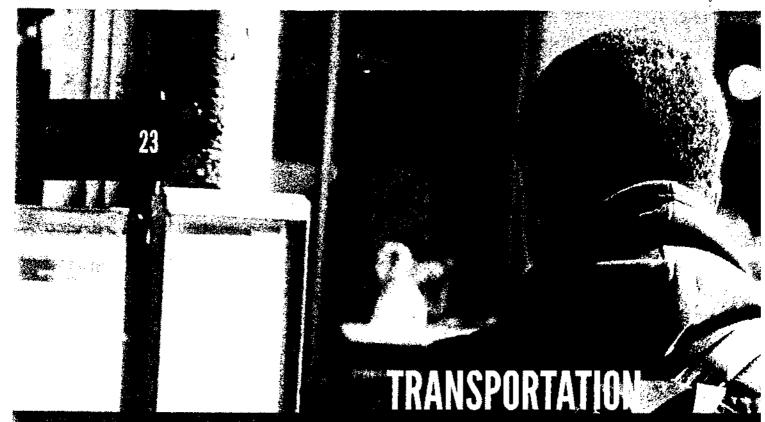


OUR MOST PRECIOUS CURRENCY.

Poverty is a result of a certain number of people simply having too much. This earth is infinitely abundant, and able to sustain its inhabitants: There are over 1,000 other different human tribes and societies that live in union with the resources around them. In understanding that you also have to give back. Our society simply takes: too much to sustain, we don't see it, because we are in it, but upon taking oneself out of the way of living that he was born into; he begins to see the cost of sustaining this western way of life. In Toronto there are over 2.6 million people and with a good majority of them living paycheque to paycheque: one missed pay away from living on the streets.

We are resilient here, we are able to smile in the face of such adversity and simply learn to live with it, accepting it as 'the way it is'. We feel unable to create a big enough ripple effect to change it. Poverty is not; just the lack of physical wealth: it's amental state where a person believes they do not have the tools necessary to get them out of a situation that doesn't serve them. The physical manifestation of poverty (i.e people living on the streets) is a much deeper psychological issue inherent in most humans that live here.

An excerpt by Paul Ohonsi





36% TTC FARE INCREASE IN THE LAST SIX YEARS



TRANSIT IN THE DOWNTOWN CORE IS THREE TIMES BETTER THAN IN THE INNER SUBURBS

How 'public' is our transit system if it is not reliable or affordable to those who most need to access it? An affordable and reliable public transit system connects-people to jobs, services, and civic life. It takes residents to opportunities and brings opportunities to neighbourhoods.

In Toronto, living downtown is extremely expensive. Low-income families and individuals are more likely to live in the inner suburbs, which are designed for cars.

Low-income people in these areas depend on transit to get to work. Jobs are often low-paying shift work with irregular schedules that don't always match transit availability. High fares require people to spend a significant partion of their earnings on getting to and from work. Unreliable bus services require them to spend even more time commuting, or risk losing their jobs.

Low-income parents rely on transit to provide for their children. If they can't afford monthly passes on the first day of the month, they use tokens for necessary errands such as picking up a child from daycare, visiting the doctor, and going to the store that sells fresh food. Fare costs add up quickly. Too soon in the month parents start making choices that they should not have to make.

To unite Toronto, public transit needs to be affordable and available for those who most need it.





address immediate needs

RECOMMENDATION:

Make transit more affordable.

ACTIONS:

- 7.1 Children 12 and under ride free
- 7.2 Ensure the roll-out of the new Presto Pass technology includes a fare-geared-to-income capacity
- 7.3 Consider new fare and service models for transit users who require accessibility assistance



create pathways to prosperity

8. RECOMMENDATION:

Improve services in the inner suburbs.

ACTIONS:

- 8.1 Evaluate a demand model that includes fare-geared-to-income criteria
- 8.2 Integrate seamlessly with the rest of the GTA transit system
- 8.3 Ensure the existing system is maintained and improved (do not cut services)
- 8.4 Restore previous service cuts that disproportionately impact the inner suburbs



"I have no bus fare," Kevin said. Kalid only had bus fare for himself, but he spoke up. "I got you fam," and that was that. They were on their way.

"Your student cards are expired."

"It's summer, Kalid replied, "we don't get new ones 'til September when school starts." The driver said, "That's not my problem."

"So what are we supposed do?" Kalid asked.

"Get off the bus smart guy before I call the police." The driver was annoyed by this time. "We did nothing wrong, we're just trying to get to our basketball game," Kalid said.

The bus driver called the police and the boys got scared and tried to leave. The driver grabbed Kalid and as he struggled to get free, the cruiser pulled up behind the bus.

by Andrea (Drea) Walsh





9. RECOMMENDATION:

Make decisions on services and capital planning that prioritize those most in need of services.

ACTIONS

- 9.1 Ensure that low-income people are not disproportionately affected when considering service reductions
- 9.2 Increase capital investment in the bus fleet to improve reliability
- 9.3. Develop a capital and service planning approach that focuses on building infrastructure improvements faster and meeting the immediate needs of the inner suburbs
- 9.4 Increase transit capacity when new high-density housing is built

Kids 12 and under now ride free on the TTC. This was the first big new City commitment to poverty reduction in 2015.

The TTC service cuts from 2011 are being restored.

When you pay for an annual transit pass, you only pay the cost of 11 months.

Transit passes are more affordable than takens and can be claimed against income taxes.

The City has made tremendous investments to improve service reliability with the purchase of new streetcars, new subway trains and a new subway signalling system.

what we're doing



In our incredibly diverse city, food helps to distinguish and unify us. Nutritious food, however prepared, is what makes our children healthy, adults vigorous, and our communities vibrant.

However, when knitting together a life with precarious work and low wages, nutritious food is hard to obtain. Low-income neighbourhoods often lack grocery stores with fresh produce. When quality food is available, chances are it is expensive. Food banks have limited, if any, fresh food. Setting up community gardens where people can grow fruits and vegetables is too complicated, with many forms to fill out.

Torontonians, especially in many lowincome communities, need better access to affordable, nutritious food.





Find ways to ensure children and families have access to affordable, nutritious food.

ACTIONS:

- 10.1 Include healthy food as part of programming for children affected by poverty
- 10.2 Ensure people on income assistance can afford healthy food
- 10.3 Support food banks to improve the quality of their food stock, provide culturally specific food, and

In a wealthy city like Toronto, why do food deserts exist and many children lack enough food to meet their potential?





increase access and eligibility to food for people in need



create pathways to prosperity

11. RECOMMENDATION:

Support initiatives that bring nutritious food to low-income areas.

ACTIONS:

- 11.1 Develop mechanisms that make it easy and cost-effective for community agencies and schools to procure healthy food
- 11.2 Eliminate food deserts by providing incentives for food provision in all communities
- 11.3 Remove red tape and support small- and medium-scale retailers that sell healthy food



1,040,000
VISITS TO FOOD BANKS
PER YEAR IN THE GTA

38%
INCREASE IN VISITS TO FOOD BANKS IN THE INNER SUBURBS SINCE 2008

AFFORDABLE FOOD

Poverty, to me, is a crime.

Poverty is an illness that needs to be abolished. Poverty, to me, is not being able to afford the necessities in life.

Poverty is not being able to focus in school most mornings because you haven't had a healthy breakfast. You are also starving at the lunch table. I remember those days like it was yesterday because it was quite literally yesterday. I was at lunch one time and had to pretend I was fasting while my friends chowed down on their sandwiches because of pride.

Poverty for me was watching my parent's struggle to put food on the table. My mother and father both work menial jobs to try and secure a better life for us. Poverty is eating fast food because there isn't a farmer's market anywhere close to where I live.

Poverty is violent. It kills like a bullet through the head, one shot and that's it. Poverty is eating chicken wings every single day until your days all become the same and you ask, "What are we having today, Mom?" Her reply, "Chicken wings".

Poverty is having low self-confidence because when you're walking through the halls at school and all the kids are making fun of you. Poverty is breaking down and crying in a little corner near the stairwell.

by Abdi Mohamed

- 11.4. Encourage local markets in public spaces, and open civic land and spaces to host food markets
- 11.5 Develop clear, consistent and concise communication on all rules, regulations and policies related to food production, sales and preparation
- 11.6 Support mechanisms to increase student nutrition programs in collaboration with school boards



12. RECOMMENDATION:

Remove barriers that limit the opportunities for local food production and food skills development.

ACTIONS:

- 12.1 Remove barriers (zoning, licensing, planning) to maximize urban agriculture and food production on public and private space and land
- 12.2 Streamline and actively support processes to access public lands for community gardens

12.3 Create clear policies that support the development of community kitchens, outdoor bake ovens, community cooking classes and other food-oriented activities that support social cohesion and food access, and create economic opportunities

There are 40 farmers' markets in Toronto.

The City of Toronto supports Meals On Wheels by preparing 2,400 meals per week distributed from five sites.

In 2014, the Youth Into Food Processing pilot provided training to 50 unemployed post-secondary graduates who acquired 16 food-related certificates and achieved a 75% permanent job placement record.

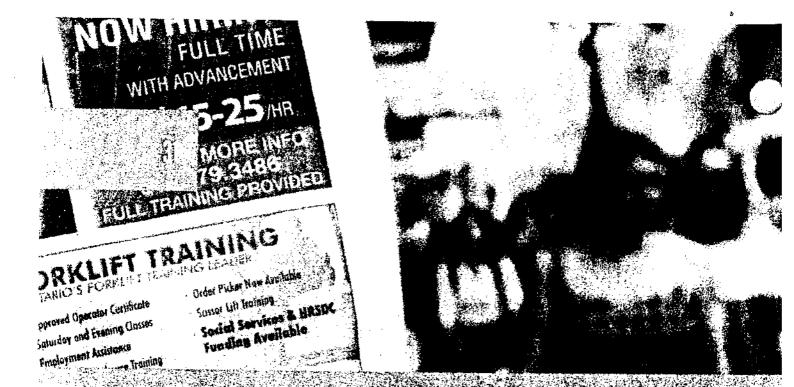
A new e-commerce platform (foodreach.ca) enables communities and agencies to combine their purchasing power and to buy wholesale nutritious food with on-demand delivery.

A new mobile market will sell high-quality fresh produce at affordable prices through a retrofitted TTC bus in communities underserved by supermarkets.

Toronto's Peer Nutrition program provides nutrition education in 25 different languages to 2,000 families with young children each year.

The City endorses GrowTO, an urban agriculture action plan that supports access to quality food through agricultural activities that are affordable, sustainable and educational by working with community agencies.

What we're doing



AUMININIS CHIMENIA

A figure 100 controllers and an interesting to the control of the

And the second of the second o

Notice and the second continues the second s

For Contract, les progrations will but and the





13. RECOMMENDATION:

Advocate for adequate income supports and extend assistance for residents transitioning into secure employment.

ACTIONS:

- 13.1 Better promote income support programs with the goal of increasing uptake for people in need
- 13.2 Provide start-up funds for newcomers and people leaving mental health institutions, hospitals, homelessness and the criminal justice system
- 13.3 Expand access to health benefits, including dental services, to those transitioning off Ontario Works and Ontario Disability Support Program into stable employment
- 13.4 Expand access to child care, by increasing subsidies and creating models that meet the needs of low-income people in non-traditional working arrangements
- 13.5 Remove barriers that limit employment opportunities for people with experience in the justice system



43%
OF WORKERS ARE
PRECARIOUSLY EMPLOYED

20%OF UNEMPLOYED TORONTO RESIDENTS QUALIFY FOR EMPLOYMENT INSURANCE





create pathways to prosperity

14. RECOMMENDATION:

Become a living wage employer and advocate to other employers.

ACTIONS:

- 14.1 Become a living wage employer and require City contractors to pay their workers a living wage
- 14.2 Champion the advantages of paying a living wage to all Toronto employers
- 14.3 Advocate for stronger employment standards that protect employees and are based on current labour market realities
- 14.4 Recognize the value of entry-level jobs for students

15. PECONTHENDSTON:

Develop a job quality assessment tool.

ACTION

15.1 Develop a job quality assessment tool, and apply it to City jobs, City contractor jobs, and procurement processes



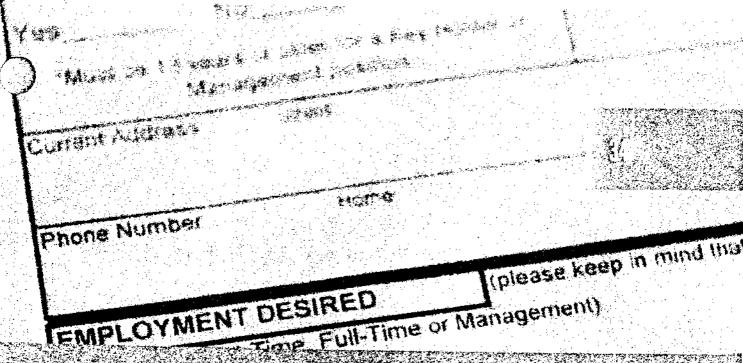
drive systemic change

16. RECOMMENDATION

Incent inclusive economic development throughout the city, particularly in areas of need, with an emphasis on strategies that leverage the City's economic power.

ACTIONS:

- 16.1 Design and implement a community benefits program for City purchasing and capital investments
- 16.2 Design and implement a City social procurement policy
- 16.3 Working with local anchor institutions, create local incubators that connect job seekers and start-up businesses with economic opportunities
- 16.4 Develop a community benefit program at Toronto Hydro and other City agencies
- 16.5 Support Business Improvement Areas and co-operatives in low-income areas in the city in order to enhance local business development



erante de localation

Hone for the first control of the second of

Profession Website Francisco



The City supports people moving from Ontario Works to work by:
offering extended health benefits for up to one years.

Totalife's callking sector is a key participant (jethe Partnership to a Advance, fouth Employment program and sector leaders are workings to broader the program a reach to other segments on the industry such as insurance and asset servicings.

More and organical complicative of a business with the ocological property of the complete of the organical parameters of the organical parame

Professional and the subsection of the subsectio

Manufacture of Manufacture and the Control of the C

The state of the second of the

The control of the co

to him y store ally steed to ten come take ha





Mobilizing an entire city to reduce and ultimately end poverty will take new ways of thinking and new ways of working.

It will require a City government where budget decisions take into account short, medium, and long-term impacts on poverty. Where programs and services to residents are viewed as investments. Where measurements capture what really matters: the well-being of families and communities. Where every strategy is drafted in close collaboration with the people it affects the most.

Ending poverty needs an accountable and participatory government that recognizes that everyone has a part

to play. Residents, community and business partners, labour, and other orders of government will need to devote time, energy, and resources to build a prosperous and inclusive Toronto.

The City of Toronto can, should, and will lead the way. The best way to lead is by example. We will act creatively to spur innovation. We will act boldly to do things differently. And we will act wisely to invest in what works.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

17. Oversight: Create a mechanism for designing, implementing, and evaluating poverty reduction and inclusive growth initiatives across

Why expect different results if we continue doing things the same way?

HEOMETINDAD TO TORONTO

rowing up as a single child into single parent home; my mom, like many moms. Is

Liwas born in Canada, but Espent the first five years of my childhood growing up in Trinidad. When my mom's papers gat settled, then we came to Canada. Not knowing much about the country, I just knew that it was a better living situation than what we had in Trinidad.

My journey in Toronto with my mom has been a great struggle: We have lived in 14 different homes: from sharing a two-bedroom apartment with my mom's friends to now renting a town house with my mom and her husband. My mom worked her way up the ranks to an executive assistant but when she got laid off, it has been really hard for her to find another job: No employer wants to pay her what her experience is actually worth. They'd much rather find a graduate student looking to pay back school tuition; willing to start at \$12. At the end of the day, the time and effort that people put into their work was not valued.

An excerpt by René Dhinsa.



- the city, which also coordinates new efforts with existing City strategies, regional agendas, provincial strategies and federal priorities
- 18. Better Measuring & Monitoring of Needs & Outcomes: Ensure that measuring and monitoring is based on useful, meaningful and disaggregated data and not limited to the data currently collected. Ensure reporting and measuring considers both city- and neighbourhood-level outcomes
- Poverty-Sensitive Budgeting: Create a mechanism that encourages a decision-making environment in which the impact of budget choices on poverty is duly considered

- 20. Community Wealth Creation: Leverage the economic power of the city to create jobs, support local businesses, and strengthen the economic resilience of neighbourhoods across the city.
- 21 Change Management & Staff
 Training: Changing a large
 organization takes time. Top-down
 directives do not create change.
 Ongoing staff training, leadership
 building and clear and consistent
 communication are some of the
 tools required to implement a
 change in operations, behaviours
 and outcomes. Commit to engage
 staff in the development of effective
 change management strategies

weks up ever our an thenking the first englisher their divides the first englisher their divides the first englisher their divides the first of the

kool inge outcomer viring over comisee the police and still and emerciants vehicle. Not this script opinit has another value black mansoupped down by other black young trees on the sec

I am tired at this Every down com feel the rope tighten no make in the limit of a food and no money. It seems the limit and food and no money it seems the limit and food and no money it seems the limit of the more bill have to pay Corporate CEO's own our government and no on but the poor seems to care. Now this

reasingursides its a frenzy of crying family members. News ... reporters paint pictures of the poor as minorities who live as savages in modern society. The upper class eats it up and asks for seconds even thirds:

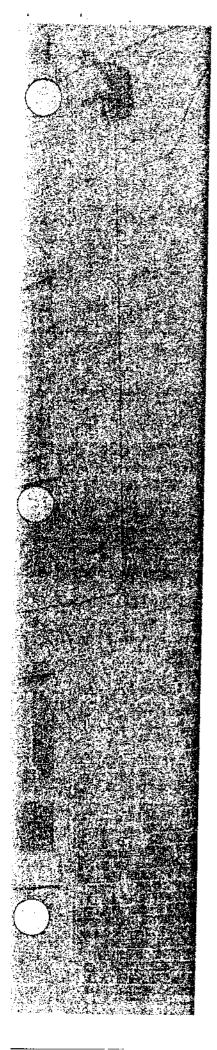
The fludge us as the worst, not giving a conscious thought to all the things we pook have given them; socially, culturally and ever sexually. We live in a society that acts as thoughtwe are divergent from the norm, one that will force feed their own image of how you should be

All they do is come up with reasons why we act this way Why we are in this position? They don't understand because they have disconnected from their humanity is a

Despite everything we poor have something they don't. The fruthrabout what we are and who we are all that we have given angulithiat we have taken. We are poor yes, but we are rich in our flearist our paintis shared. So keep painting us as savages, continue to keep us down judge us kilkus for you are ignorant and cowardly you will rever change society.

Man, I'm hungry Sucks to be poor

Byalviisi era is nigh





notice to readers

TO Prosperity: Interim Poverty Reduction Strategy was developed with creative contributions from Torontonians. These creative works are intended to help readers understand what it is like to live in poverty in Toronto.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Residents and partners made this strategy possible.

Thank you to the thousands of Torontonians for sharing their time, wisdom, commitment and stories.

Thank you to our community facilitators for leading meaningful and productive discussions in all four corners of the city.

Thank you to our community partners for leading community conversations that significantly increased the reach and scope of the engagement process.

Thank you to our civic leaders, community organizations, and researchers whose ongoing work has paved the way for this strategy.

Thank you to our Advisory Committee for the unremitting, honest, and invaluable support. Members of the Advisory Committee included:

Collette Murphy, Atkinson Foundation Chris Holling, Toronto Region Board of Trade Michael Polanyi, Children's Aid Society of Toronto

Michael Kerr, Colour of Poverty – Colour of Change

Richard Senechal, DUCA Credit Union Joe Abbey-Colburn, Faith in the City Sevaun Palvetzian, CivicAction Alliance Sharon Simpson, Labour Council/ Labour Community Services

Anita Khanna, Family Service Toronto/ Campaign 2000

Winston Tinglin, Social Planning Toronto Brad Cartan, Our Place Community of Hope Grace-Edward Galabuzi, Ryerson University John Campey, Ralph Thornton Centre John Stapleton, Open Policy Ontario/Metcalf Foundation

Diane Dyson, Woodgreen/The Alliance for a Poverty Free Toronto

Simone Atungo, Toronto Community Housing Rob Howarth, Toronto Neighbourhood Centres

Kara Santokie, Toronto Women's City Alliance Pedro Barata, United Way Toronto Pat Capponi, Voices From the Street Leila Sarangi, Women's Habitat of Etobicoke Mike Creek, Working for Change Angie Draskovic, Young Street Mission Idle Burale, Resident

Letecia Rose, Nia Centre for the Arts



We would also like to thank people who contributed their stories, poems and photography.

Nia Centre for the Arts is a Toronto-based not-for-profit organization that supports, showcases and promotes an appreciation of arts from across the African Diaspora. We create opportunities for young people to develop healthy identities and for communities to enhance their creative capacities.

Most of the photos throughout this document were taken by the following:



Gervais Nash

Anthony (Tony) Gebrehiwot

Candace Nyaomi

Farhia Jama

Leilah Dhoré

Nomanzland first and foremost is a family. We are raw and revolutionary. We rep the hood. Nomanzland is a collective that comes together to create theatre, poetry, music, and art that represents the struggle of marginalized and oppressed people all over the world. We are: Real Life. Real Drama. Real Theatre.



Mister Taylor

Funmilola (LolaBunz) Lawson

Andrea (Drea) Walsh

Kobe Akanni James

Khadiija Sayaadi

Heavy Steve AKA Steven Rafael Gomez

Abdi Mohamed

Salguero

Reaching Intelligent Souls Everywhere (RISE); a multifaceted collective of Artists and Activists providing a welcoming and safe platform for the arts.

Faduma Mohamed

René Dhinsa

Paul Ohonsi

Simon Yohannes



Stories and poems were edited by Whitney French.

REFERENCES

introduction p. 5

Social Planning Toronto and the Alliance for a Poverty Free Toronto. 2013. Toward a Poverty Elimination Strategy for the City of Toronto; p.5.

www.socialplanningtoronto.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/11/Poverty-Elimination-Strategy-Report-2013_Final-Pages2.pdf

housing stability p. 12

City of Toronto, Social Development, Finance, and Administration, August, 2014. Social Development Dashboard; Appendix 2, p.2.

www.toronto.ca/legdocs/mmis/2014/cd/bgrd/backgroundfile-72820.pdf

City of Toronto, Shelter, Support & Housing Administration, 2015. Infrastructure and Service Improvement Plan for the Emergency Shelter System; p.7. www.toronto.ca/legdocs/mmis/2015/cd/bgrd/backgroundfile-77792.pdf

access to services p.18 🔏 🛊

City of Toronto, Children's Services, January 2015. Early Learning and Care in Toronto; p.1. www1.toronto.ca/City%20Of%20Toronto/Children's%20Services/Files/pdf/C/childcare_factsheet_jan2015.pdf

City of Toronto, Children's Service, 2015. Toronto Children's Services 2015-2019; p.30. www1.toronto.ca/City%20Of%20Toronto/Children's%20Services/Divisional%20Profile/Planning/Service%20Plan/pdf/CS-ServicePlan-2015-2019.pdf

transportation p. 23 💂

Canadian Centre for Policy Alternatives, 2015. Making Ends Meet: Toronto's 2015 Living Wage, CCPA; p.10.

www.policyalternatives.ca/sites/default/files/uploads/publications/Ontario%20 Office/2015/04/CCPA-ON_Making_Ends_Meet.pdf

Martin Prosperity Institute, 2010, Transit Deserts & Hulchanski's Three Cities; p.2. www.martinprosperity.org/images/stories/jmc/cache/mpi-transit-deserts-hulchanskis-three-cities.pdf

food access p. 28 iol &

Daily Bread, 2014. Who's Hungry 2014 Profile of Hunger in the GTA; p.6, 13. www.dailybread.ca/wp-content/uploads/2013/09/Whos-Hungry-Report-2014.pdf

quality jobs & living wages p. 32

Granofsy, T., Corak, M., Johal, S. and Zon, N., 2015. Renewing Canada's Social Architecture. Mowat Centre; p.15.

www.social-architecture.ca/wp-content/uploads/FramingPaper.pdf

PEPSO, United Way Toronto, and McMaster University, 2013. It's More than Poverty: Employment Precarity and Household Well-being. Toronto; p.56. www.unitedwaytoronto.com/document.doc?id=91

